NU FlexSIV & NU FlexSIS Sockets Work Form

PATIENT INFORMATION:

Name:	
Date:	Amputation Side: \Box Left \Box Right
Age (years):	Weight (kg):
Sex: \square M \square F	Activity K-Level:
PATIENT MEA	ASUREMENTS:
For liner selection:	
Circumference 4cm	above distal end when seated (cm):
Liner Type/Size:	
For prosthesis/socke	et set up:
(Numbers correspon	d to image at top right)
2 Ischial Tuberosit	y to Distal End (cm):
3 Ischial Tuberosit	y to Distal Femur (cm):
Socket Flexion (deg	rees):
Socket Adduction (d	legrees):
For socket rectificati	ion:
(Numbers correspon	d to image at top right)
1 1 U proximal M-	L (cm):

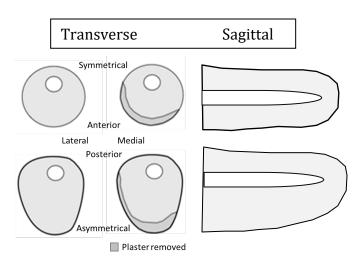
(Refer to Mold Reduction Algorithm)

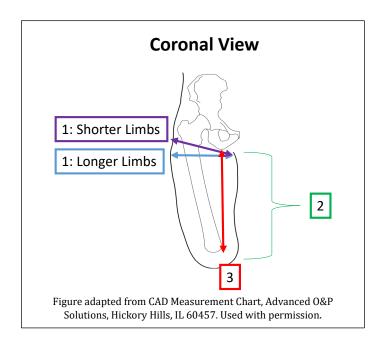
1 1 Compressed proximal M-L (cm):____

Limb Tissue Type: □Soft Tissue □Firm Tissue

Mold Displacement: □Easy □Difficult

Limb Profile: \square Symmetrical \square Asymmetrical





Rectification Reference:

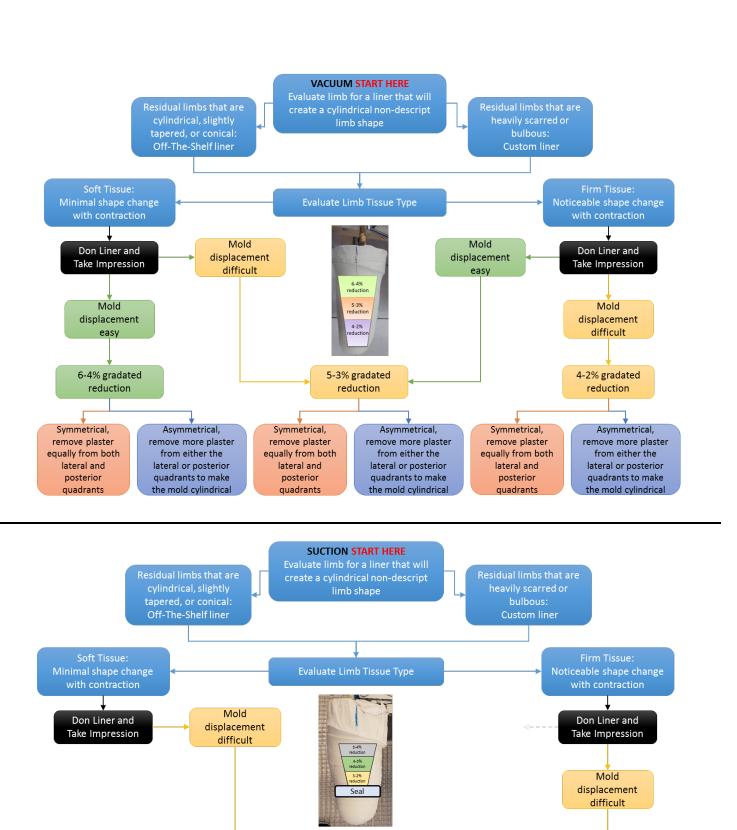


Pictured (left to right): medial, posterior, lateral, anterior

Mold Measurements:

Starting 1" (2.5cm) below proximal medial trim line				
Location	%	Actual	Goal	
	Reduction	Circumference	Circumference	
1" (2.5cm)				
2" (5 cm)				
3" (7.5 cm)				
4" (10 cm)				
5" (12.5 cm)				
6" (15 cm)				
7" (17.5 cm)				
8" (20 cm)				
9" (22.5cm)				
10" (25 cm)				
11" (27.5 cm)				
12" (30 cm)				

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5-3% gradated reduction

Asymmetrical,

remove more plaster

from either the

lateral or posterior

quadrants to make

the mold cylindrical

Symmetrical,

remove plaster

equally from both

lateral and

posterior

quadrants

Symmetrical,

remove plaster

equally from both

lateral and

posterior

quadrants

4-2% gradated

reduction

Asymmetrical,

remove more plaster

from either the

lateral or posterior

quadrants to make

the mold cylindrical